# Premium Financing 

For: Robert and Lynne Sullivan


Presented By:
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The primary benefit of a life insurance premium financing strategy is to obtain a significant amount of life insurance coverage at a reduced cash flow cost, and virtually any cash value life insurance policy can be funded in this manner.
The loan structure, loan interest, fees, collateral requirements, and personal guarantees associated with this technique will be determined by the lender.

A secondary benefit of a premium financing strategy is the opportunity for interest rate arbitrage because the loan interest associated with premium financing may be lower than the policy's non-guaranteed internal rate of return.
There are several risks associated with premium financing, some of which are outlined below:

## Lender risk:

- Is the loan a term loan that is due in fewer years than illustrated? If so, the borrower will likely be subject to new loan conditions.
- If the loan is not a term loan, does the lender have the right to demand full satisfaction of the loan at any time? An unlimited right to demand full satisfaction of the loan provides very little security for the borrower.


## Collateral risk:

- The lender may limit the form of acceptable collateral requiring only liquid assets be provided.
- Additional collateral may be required based on a change in the loan requirements of the lender.
- The policy cash values shown on pages that follow are not guaranteed and may be higher or lower than illustrated. Additional collateral may be required if the actual policy cash values turn out to be lower than illustrated.
- A personal guarantee may be required.


## Interest rate risk:

- In some premium financing transactions, the loan interest is a variable rate which resets annually.
- If the loan interest is a fixed rate, how long is it fixed? Is this an acceptable condition?


## Exit strategies:

1. With long-lived insureds, repayment of loans associated with premium financing must be considered, and careful planning should be contemplated in advance to insure a source of funds for this purpose. In some cases, the policy death benefit may be sufficient.
2. In some cases, the sale of the policy to a third party may provide funds to repay outstanding loans.

## Conclusion:

Based on creditworthiness of the borrower, the terms of the lender, and the life insurance company involved, the actual terms of a premium financing arrangement will be different. It is important that the right combination of these three issues be carefully evaluated.

## Important note:

In all cases, be sure to consult with your own legal and tax advisers before entering into this or any other arrangement involving tax, legal, and economic considerations. The approval of these advisers must be secured regarding the implementation or modification of any planning technique as well as the applicability and consequences of new cases, rulings, or legislation upon existing or impending plans.

## Premium Financing Using Indexed Universal Life

Borrower and Policy Owner: Robert Sullivan Lender: To be determined
Policy Owner's
Income Tax Bracket
$45.00 \%$ 45.00\%



Assumed
Bank Loan Interest Rate 5.00\%


## 30 Year Analysis

|  | Living Values | Death Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Indexed Universal Life | 1,338,870 | 1,995,386 |
| Less Loan Repayment Due: | 0 |  |
| Plus Cumulative Net Loan Proceeds: | 3,838,714 | 3,838,714 |
| Equals Value to Policy Owner: | 5,177,584 | 5,834,100 |

## Premium Financing Using Indexed Universal Life

## Summary

Borrower and Policy Owner: Robert Sullivan Lender: To be determined
Policy Owner's
Income Tax Bracket
$45.00 \%$ 45.00\%

| Premium and Loan Summary |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) <br> Policy Premium | (2) <br> Loan from Bank to Policy Owner for Premium | (3) <br> Loan <br> Interest <br> Paid by <br> Policy <br> Owner | (4) <br> Net Policy Loan Proceeds Used to Reduce Loan | (5) <br> Cumulative Loan Due Bank |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
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| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| Policy Owner | Analysis of the Collateral |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Net Loan Policy Proceeds Available for Retirement Income | Year End <br> Policy <br> Death <br> Benefit | Year End Net Policy Death Benefit (7) - (5) | Year End Policy Cash Value* |
| 354,288 | 2,056,110 | $\square 2,056,110$ | 11,350,914 |
| 354,288 | 2,142,984 | $\square 2,142,984$ | 1,385,572 |
| 354,288 | 2,258,655 | $\square$ 2,258,655 | 1,445,252 |
| 354,288 | 2,405,944 | 2,405,944 | 1,532,521 |
| 354,288 | 2,587,741 | 2,587,741 | 1,650,003 |
| 354,288 | 2,807,116 | 2,807,116 | 1,800,492 |
| 354,288 | 3,067,675 | 3,067,675 | $\square 1,987,282$ |
| 354,288 | 3,372,896 | 3,372,896 | 2,213,538 |
| 354,288 | 3,726,065 | 3,726,065 | 2,482,238 |
| 354,288 | 4,130,155 | 4,130,155 | 2,796,051 |
| 354,288 | 4,587,572 | 4,587,572 | 3,157,101 |
| 354,288 | 5,100,258 | 5,100,258 | 3,567,058 |
| 354,288 | 5,670,046 | 5,670,046 | 4,027,483 |
| 354,288 | 6,298,847 | 6,298,847 | 4,539,998 |
| 354,288 | 6,987,095 | 6,987,095 | 5,104,813 |
| 354,288 | 7,375,531 | 7,375,531 | 5,763,400 |
| 354,288 | 7,831,818 | 7,831,818 | 6,536,555 |
| 354,288 | 8,376,917 | 8,376,917 | 7,451,040 |
| 354,288 | 9,038,339 | 9,038,339 | 8,541,355 |
| 354,288 | 9,838,785 | 9,838,785 | 9,838,785 |
| 354,288 | 11,294,269 | 11,294,269 | 11,294,269 |
| 354,288 | 12,922,697 | 12,922,697 | 12,922,697 |
| 354,288 | 14,740,230 | 14,740,230 | 14,740,230 |
| 354,288 | 16,764,400 | 16,764,400 | 16,764,400 |

12,341,626

54 Year Analysis

|  | Living Values | Death Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Indexed Universal Life | 16,764,400 | 16,764,400 |
| Less Loan Repayment Due: | 0 |  |
| Plus Cumulative Net Loan Proceeds | :12,341,626 | 12,341,626 |
| Equals Value to Policy Owner: | 29,106,026 | 29,106,026 |

## Premium Financing Using Indexed Universal Life

Borrower and Policy Owner: Robert Sullivan Lender: To be determined


|  | At Year 54 |
| ---: | :--- |
| Cumulative Payments for Loan Interest | $\$ 926,169$ |
| Cumulative Net Loan Proceeds ${ }^{1}$ | $\$ 12,341,626$ |
| Cash Value Less Loan Due Bank² | $\$ 16,764,400$ |
| Death Benefit Less Loan Due Bank² | $\$ 16,764,400$ |

[^0]
## Premium Financing Using Indexed Universal Life

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## Premium Financing Using Indexed Universal Life

## Rate of Return (ROR) Analysis

 nterest Rate 7.50\%
Initial Policy
Death Benefit
$10,500,000$
Assumed
Bank Loan
Interest Rate
$5.00 \%$

| Policy Owner's |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Income Tax | Loan Interest |
| Bracket | Payment Method |
| $45.00 \%$ | Paid for 10 Years |


| Cash Flow Required from Policy Owner |  |  |  | Policy Owner's Year End Cash Value |  |  | Policy Owner's Year End Death Benefit |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) <br> Portion of Loan Interest Paid by Policy Owner | (2) <br> Net Loan Policy Proceeds Available for - Retirement = Income | (3) <br> Combined Cash Flow Required from Policy Owner | (4) <br> Cumulative Cash Flow Required from Policy Owner | (5) <br> Net <br> Policy <br> Cash <br> Value* | (6) <br> Pre-Tax** <br> Equivalent <br> ROR of <br> Net Policy Cash <br> Value | (7) <br> Net ROR of Net Policy Cash Value | (8) <br> Net <br> Policy <br> Death <br> Benefit* | (9) <br> Pre-Tax** <br> Equivalent <br> ROR of <br> Net Policy Death Benefit | (10) <br> Net <br> ROR of <br> Net Policy <br> Death <br> Benefit |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -3,266,833 | 1,350,914 | 18.37\% | 10.11\% | $\square \mathbf{2 , 0 5 6 , 1 1 0}$ | 19.06\% | 10.48\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -3,621,121 | 1,385,572 | 18.63\% | 10.25\% | $\square$ 2,142,984 | 19.27\% | 10.60\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -3,975,409 | 1,445,252 | 18.87\% | 10.38\% | $\square \mathbf{~ 2 , 2 5 8 , 6 5 5 ~}$ | 19.46\% | 10.71\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -4,329,697 | 1,532,521 | 19.10\% | 10.50\% | 2,405,944 | 19.65\% | 10.81\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -4,683,985 | 1,650,003 | 19.30\% | 10.62\% | 2,587,741 | 19.81\% | 10.90\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -5,038,273 | 1,800,492 | 19.49\% | 10.72\% | 2,807,116 | 19.96\% | 10.98\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -5,392,561 | 1,987,282 | 19.66\% | 10.81\% | 3,067,675 | 20.10\% | 11.06\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -5,746,849 | 2,213,538 | 19.81\% | 10.90\% | 3,372,896 | 20.23\% | 11.12\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -6,101,137 | 2,482,238 | 19.95\% | 10.97\% | 3,726,065 | 20.34\% | 11.19\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -6,455,425 | 2,796,051 | 20.08\% | 11.04\% | 4,130,155 | 20.44\% | 11.24\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -6,809,713 | 3,157,101 | 20.19\% | 11.10\% | 4,587,572 | 20.53\% | 11.29\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -7,164,001 | 3,567,058 | 20.29\% | 11.16\% | 5,100,258 | 20.61\% | 11.34\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -7,518,289 | 4,027,483 | 20.38\% | 11.21\% | 5,670,046 | 20.68\% | 11.37\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -7,872,577 | 4,539,998 | 20.45\% | 11.25\% | 6,298,847 | 20.74\% | 11.41\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -8,226,865 | 5,104,813 | 20.52\% | 11.29\% | 6,987,095 | 20.79\% | 11.43\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -8,581,153 | 5,763,400 | 20.58\% | 11.32\% | 7,375,531 | 20.79\% | 11.43\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -8,935,441 | 6,536,555 | 20.64\% | 11.35\% | 7,831,818 | 20.79\% | 11.43\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -9,289,729 | 7,451,040 | 20.70\% | 11.38\% | 8,376,917 | 20.79\% | 11.44\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -9,644,017 | 8,541,355 | 20.76\% | 11.42\% | 9,038,339 | 20.80\% | 11.44\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -9,998,305 | 9,838,785 | 20.81\% | 11.45\% | 9,838,785 | 20.81\% | 11.45\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -10,352,593 | 11,294,269 | 20.86\% | 11.47\% | 11,294,269 | 20.86\% | 11.47\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -10,706,881 | 12,922,697 | 20.91\% | 11.50\% | 12,922,697 | 20.91\% | 11.50\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -11,061,169 | 14,740,230 | 20.95\% | 11.52\% | 14,740,230 | 20.95\% | 11.52\% |
| 0 | 354,288 | -354,288 | -11,415,457 | 16,764,400 | 20.98\% | 11.54\% | 16,764,400 | 20.98\% | 11.54\% |

[^1][^2]There are four key columns on the accompanying Rate of Return Analysis report:

| Net | Net |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rate of Return |  |
| of Net Policy | Rate of Return <br> of Net Policy |
| Cash | Death |
| Value | Benefit |

Calculations for the Net Rate of Return column show the interest rate that would have to be earned on the out-of-pocket cash flow included in plan funding in order to match the net cash value and net death benefit of the policy. Such out-of-pocket cash flow can include one or more of the following: 1) Loan origination fee and/or other loan fees when not added to the loan; 2) Cost of letter of credit; 3) Premium payments not included in the loan; 4) Payments to the lender for loan interest; and 5) A loan repayment from an outside source. The Net Rate of Return indicated in these columns would be required for the policy owner to produce a similar result using an alternative tax exempt account.

| Pre-Tax | Pre-Tax |
| :---: | :---: |
| Equivalent | Equivalent |
| Rate of Return | Rate of Return |
| of Net Policy | of Net Policy |
| Cash | Death |
| Value | Benefit |

Calculations for the Pre-Tax Equivalent Rate of Return column show the pre-tax equivalent interest rate that would have to be earned on the out-of-pocket cash flow included in plan funding in order to match the net cash value and net death benefit of the policy. Such out-of-pocket cash flow can include one or more of the following: 1) Loan origination fee and/or other loan fees when not added to the loan; 2) Cost of letter of credit; 3) Premium payments not included in the loan; 4) Payments to the lender for loan interest; and 5) A loan repayment from an outside source. This calculation grosses up the Net Rate of Return by a factor that accounts for the policy owner's income tax bracket. The Pre-Tax Rate of Return indicated in these columns would be required for the policy owner to produce a similar result using an alternative taxable account.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ For retirement income.
    ${ }^{2}$ The cumulative loan due bank of $\$ 2,315,425$ is assumed paid off at the beginning of year 11 from policy loans.

[^1]:    926,169 12,341,626 -11,415,457

[^2]:    ** Including a factor for a $45.00 \%$ income tax bracket.

